

USES

HYRIMOZ® (adalimumab-adaz) is a prescription medicine called a tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocker used:

- To reduce the signs and symptoms of:
- —Moderate to severe rheumatoid arthritis (RA) in adults. HYRIMOZ can be used alone, or with methotrexate, or with certain other medicines. HYRIMOZ may prevent further damage to your bones and joints and may help your ability to perform daily activities
- -Moderate to severe polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA) in children 2 years of age and older. HYRIMOZ can be used alone or with methotrexate
- -Psoriatic arthritis (PsA) in adults. HYRIMOZ can be used alone or with certain other medicines. HYRIMOZ may prevent further damage to your bones and joints and may help your ability to perform daily activities
- -Ankylosing spondylitis (AS) in adults
- -Moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) in adults

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about HYRIMOZ?

HYRIMOZ is a TNF-blocker medication that affects your immune system. HYRIMOZ can lower the ability of your immune system to fight infections. You should discuss the potential benefits and risks of HYRIMOZ with your doctor. You should not start taking HYRIMOZ if you have any kind of infection unless your doctor says it is okay.

* Serious infections have happened in people taking adalimumab products. These serious infections include tuberculosis (TB) and infections caused by viruses, fungi, or bacteria that have spread throughout the body. Some people have died from these infections. Your doctor should test you for TB before starting HYRIMOZ and check you closely for signs and symptoms of TB during treatment with HYRIMOZ, even if your TB test was negative. If your doctor feels you are at risk, you may be treated with medicine for TB

Please see the Important Safety Information throughout and the full <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including Medication Guide, for HYRIMOZ.

What to expect with HYRIMOZ® and adalimumab-adaz



AN FDA-APPROVED TREATMENT

HYRIMOZ is an FDA-approved biosimilar to Humira® (adalimumab). This means it can be used in place of Humira®.

SIMILAR SYMPTOM RELIEF

There are no clinically meaningful differences between HYRIMOZ and Humira® when it comes to safety and effectiveness.

THE SAME DOSING

HYRIMOZ has the same dosing options as Humira®, so switching is straightforward.

SUPPORT AT EVERY STEP

People taking HYRIMOZ have access to **many support services** through Sandoz One Source, including Nurse Ambassadors, 1:1 injection training, financial support, and more.

Did You Know?

HYRIMOZ and adalimumab-adaz are the same medicine. Your insurance decides which one you'll get, but the medicine and the benefits are exactly the same.

USES (cont'd)

- * To treat moderate to severe Crohn's disease (CD) in adults and children 6 years of age and older
- To treat moderate to severe ulcerative colitis (UC) in adults. It is not known if adalimumab products are effective in people who stopped responding to or could not tolerate TNF-blocker medicines
- To treat moderate to severe chronic (lasting a long time) plaque psoriasis (Ps) in adults who have the condition in many areas of their body and who may benefit from taking injections or pills (systemic therapy) or phototherapy (treatment using ultraviolet light alone or with pills)
- * To treat non-infectious intermediate (middle part of the eye), posterior (back of the eye), and panuveitis (all parts of the eye) in adults

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What is the most important information I should know about HYRIMOZ? (cont'd)

* Cancer. For children and adults taking TNF blockers, including HYRIMOZ, the chance of getting lymphoma or other cancers may increase. There have been cases of unusual cancers in children, teenagers, and young adults using TNF blockers. Some people have developed a rare type of cancer called hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma. This type of cancer often results in death. If using TNF blockers, including HYRIMOZ, your chance of getting two types of skin cancer (basal cell and squamous cell) may increase. These types of cancer are generally not life-threatening if treated; tell your doctor if you have a bump or open sore that doesn't heal

Please see the Important Safety Information throughout and the full <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including Medication Guide, for HYRIMOZ.

40 mg/0.4 mL for injection

Enroll in the Co-Pay Program

If you're eligible, you could pay as little as \$0 for your medicine. Terms and Conditions apply.

- If you qualify, you can start using your co-pay card immediately!
- The co-pay card doesn't expire—you'll be automatically re-enrolled every year
- Visit HYRIMOZ.com/#support to:
 - Learn how to enroll
 - Read the full Terms and Conditions
- Find out about other options if you're not eligible for the co-pay program





For NDC starting with 61314
BIN: 610020
GROUP: 99994366
MEMBER ID: <XXXXXXXXXXXXXX

For NDC starting with 83457 BIN: 610020 GROUP: 99994491 MEMBER ID: <XXXXXXXXXXXX

Pay as little as \$0 per treatment

For questions, call Sandoz One Source Co-Pay Program for Hyrimoz, toll-free at 1-833-HYRIMOZ (1-833-497-4669). Visit www.hyrimoz.com for program eligibility details.

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The Co-Pay Program is available for **both** HYRIMOZ® and adalimumab-**adaz**.

Questions?

Call or text "COPAY" to 1-833-HYRIMOZ (1-833-497-4669) Monday to Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET.^a



Whether you're starting or switching to HYRIMOZ, our team is here to help!

Sandoz One Source offers services like:

- Nurse Ambassadors
- Refill reminders

Financial support options

Injection training

Sharps containers

· And more!

Visit <u>HYRIMOZ.com/#support</u> to learn more about these and other services.

^aMessage and data rates may apply.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What should I tell my doctor BEFORE starting HYRIMOZ?

Tell your doctor about all your health conditions, including if you:

- *Think you have an infection, are being treated for infection, or have symptoms of an infection, such as:
 - Fever, sweats, or chills
 - Muscle aches
 - Couah
 - Shortness of breath

- Blood in phlegm
- Weight loss
- Warm, red, or painful skin or sores on your body
- Diarrhea or stomach pain
- Burning when you urinate or urinating more often than normal
- Feeling very tired



- Get a lot of infections or have infections that keep coming back
- Have diabetes

Please see the Important Safety Information throughout and the full Prescribing Information, including Medication Guide, for HYRIMOZ.



Ready to make the switch?

Follow these simple steps to find out if you're eligible for a **one-time reimbursement** to help offset the cost of switching from Humira® (adalimumab):

Text "HYRIMOZ PTP" to 1-833-HYRIMOZ (1-833-497-4669)

A ONE-TIME \$200
REIMBURSEMENT

For eligible patients who switch from Humira® to HYRIMOZ® or adalimumab-adazª

- Submit a photo of your pharmacy receipt OR medication label OR prescription history from your insurance or pharmacy platform (website, app, etc.)

 The photo must include:
 - Your name
 - * The date your prescription was filled (must be within the last 90 days)
 - HYRIMOZ or adalimumab-adaz medicine name
- Once your eligibility has been verified, you will receive a healthcare debit card in the mail

The HYRIMOZ® Patient Transition Program provides a one-time reimbursement of costs to patients who transition from Humira® to HYRIMOZ, in the form of a \$200 debit card that the patient must certify will be used for healthcare-related expenses. The following are acceptable merchant codes at which the debit cards can be used: 5912 DRUG STORES, PHARMACIES; 8011 DOCTORS — NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED; 8050 NURSING AND PERSONAL CARE FACILITIES; 8062 HOSPITALS; 8071 DENTAL AND MEDICAL LABORATORIES; and 8099 HEALTH PRACTITIONERS/MED SVCS UNCLASSIFIED. To qualify, a patient must provide proof of a filled HYRIMOZ prescription for an approved indication dated no more than 90 days prior to applying for the Patient Transition Program. Residents of Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, and Rhode Island are not eligible. A patient is not eligible if the patient's prescription is paid for, in whole or in part, by any state or federally funded programs, including but not limited to Medicare (including Part D, even in the coverage gap) or Medicaid, Medigap, VA, DOD, or TRICARE, or private indemnity, or HMO insurance plans that reimburse the patient for the entire cost of the patient's prescription drugs, or where prohibited by law. Sandoz reserves the right to rescind, revoke, or amend this offer at any time and without further notice.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What should I tell my doctor BEFORE starting HYRIMOZ? (cont'd)

Tell your doctor about all your health conditions, including if you: (cont'd)

- * Have TB or have been in close contact with someone with TB; or were born in, lived in, or traveled where there is more risk for getting TB
- Live or have lived in an area (such as the Ohio and Mississippi River valleys) where there is an increased risk for getting certain kinds of fungal infections, such as histoplasmosis, coccidioidomycosis, or blastomycosis. These infections may happen or become more severe if you use HYRIMOZ. Ask your doctor if you do not know if you have lived in an area where these infections are common
- Have or have had hepatitis B
- Are scheduled for major surgery
- · Have or have had cancer
- · Have numbness or tingling or a nervous system disease such as multiple sclerosis or Guillain-Barré syndrome
- · Have or had heart failure
- * Have recently received or are scheduled to receive a vaccine. You may receive vaccines, except for live vaccines, while using HYRIMOZ. Children should be brought up to date on all vaccines before starting HYRIMOZ
- · Are allergic to HYRIMOZ or to any of its ingredients
- * Are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, breastfeeding, or planning to breastfeed
- Have a baby and you were using HYRIMOZ during your pregnancy. Tell your baby's doctor before your baby receives any vaccines

Please see the Important Safety Information throughout and the full Prescribing Information, including Medication Guide, for HYRIMOZ.



The Sensoready® pen was designed with you in mind

The Sensoready pen has useful features you will



SEE



the green progress light through the 360° window

HEAR



the **2 distinct clicks**that tell you when
your injection has started
and is almost done

FEEL



the **triangular shape**, with no need to press or hold a button Looking for step-by-step instructions for using your Sensoready pen?

Visit **HYRIMOZ.com** to watch the injection training video.

Ask your doctor to show you how to use the Sensoready pen before your first injection.

Additional injection training and support are available through Sandoz One Source.

For complete information on how to inject HYRIMOZ®, please see the full <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including Instructions for Use.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What should I tell my doctor BEFORE starting HYRIMOZ? (cont'd)

Tell your doctor about all your health conditions, including if you: (cont'd)

Also tell your doctor about all the medicines you take. You should not take HYRIMOZ with Orencia® (abatacept), Kineret® (anakinra), Remicade® (infliximab), Enbrel® (etanercept), Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol), or Simponi® (golimumab). Tell your doctor if you have ever used Rituxan® (rituximab), Imuran® (azathioprine), or Purinethol® (6-mercaptopurine, 6-MP).

What should I watch for AFTER starting HYRIMOZ?

HYRIMOZ can cause serious side effects, including:

- Serious infections. These include TB and infections caused by viruses, fungi, or bacteria. Symptoms related to TB include a cough, low-grade fever, weight loss, or loss of body fat and muscle
- Hepatitis B infection in carriers of the virus. Symptoms include muscle aches, feeling very tired, dark urine, skin or eyes that look yellow, little or no appetite, vomiting, clay-colored bowel movements, fever, chills, stomach discomfort, and skin rash
- · Allergic reactions. Symptoms of a serious allergic reaction include hives, trouble breathing, and swelling of your face, eyes,
- Nervous system problems. Signs and symptoms include numbness or tingling, problems with your vision, weakness in your arms or legs, and dizziness

Please see the Important Safety Information throughout and the full Prescribing Information, including Medication Guide, for HYRIMOZ.





Visit **HYRIMOZ.com** to learn more.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

What should I watch for AFTER starting HYRIMOZ? (cont'd) HYRIMOZ can cause serious side effects, including: (cont'd)

- **Blood problems** (decreased blood cells that help fight infections or stop bleeding). Symptoms include a fever that does not go away, bruising or bleeding very easily, or looking very pale
- · Heart failure (new or worsening). Symptoms include shortness of breath, swelling of your ankles or feet, and sudden weight gain
- Immune reactions including a lupus-like syndrome. Symptoms include chest discomfort or pain that does not go away, shortness of breath, joint pain, or rash on your cheeks or arms that gets worse in the sun
- Liver problems. Symptoms include feeling very tired, skin or eyes that look yellow, poor appetite or vomiting, and pain on the right side of your stomach (abdomen). These problems can lead to liver failure and death
- · Psoriasis (new or worsening). Symptoms include red scaly patches or raised bumps that are filled with pus

Call your doctor or get medical care right away if you develop any of the above symptoms.

What are the most common side effects of HYRIMOZ?

Common side effects of HYRIMOZ include injection site reactions (pain, redness, rash, swelling, itching, or bruising), upper respiratory infections (sinus infections), headaches, and rash.

These are not all the possible side effects with HYRIMOZ. Tell your doctor if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

This is the most important information to know about HYRIMOZ. For more information, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

Please see the full Prescribing Information, including the Medication Guide, for HYRIMOZ.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

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